EXPLANATORY NOTES ON MAIN STATISTICAL INDICATORS

Industrial Production Energy Consumption refers to the energy consumed by an industrial enterprise for its industrial production activities. It mainly includes:

1. The energy used by the enterprise for its production and industrial operation, including the energy used as raw materials, materials, fuel and power; in an energy processing and conversion enterprise, it also includes the energy used for processing and conversion (this part of the energy cannot be understood as raw materials, and as to the concept of energy used as a raw material, see the explanation below);
2. The energy used as auxiliary materials during the production of products;
3. The energy used in the process of production;
4. The energy used for new technology research, new product trial production and scientific experiments;
5. The energy used in the process of repairs of all kinds for industrial production activities;
6. The energy used for labor protection in the production area, and so on.

Energy Stocks refers to the inventory of the energies of various kinds owned by an energy-using enterprise (unit) at a certain point in time during the reporting period and used for its consumption or reselling (not including the energy produced by the enterprise itself).

The energy inventory statistics scope of an energy-using enterprise (unit) is the energies of various kinds which the enterprise buys and brings in (processing supplied materials and borrowing), has not yet consumed or resold at a certain point in time during the reporting period, and stores in the warehouses (or sites) for raw materials and energy supply, workshops, and construction sites.